BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO	O TẠO KỪ THI TỐT N	NGHIỆP TRUNG HỌC	C PHỔ THÔNG NĂM 2023
ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỦ (Đề thi có 04 trang)		hi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn n làm bài: 60 phút, không	
Họ, tên thí sinh: Số báo danh:			Mã đề thi 410
			ose underlined part differs
from the other three in prov			iose undertined part differs
Question 1: A. post	<b>B.</b> h <u>o</u> me		<b>D.</b> sp <u>o</u> rt
Question 1: A. $\underline{post}$ Question 2: A. $\underline{ch}$ icken	<b>B.</b> <u>ch</u> ildren	C. <u>ch</u> airman	-
	D on your answer sheet to	o indicate the word that	differs from the other three
		C. connect	<b>D.</b> require
Question 4: A. confiden			<b>D.</b> exciting
			LOSEST in meaning to the
<i>underlined word in each of</i> <b>Question 5:</b> Returning hom	the following questions.		_
A. tidy	<b>B.</b> organised		<b>D.</b> neat
<b>Question 6:</b> My uncle dream	6	5	
A. moves	<b>B.</b> leaves	C. quits	<b>D.</b> intends
			<b>PPOSITE in meaning to the</b>
underlined word(s) in each			1 USI 1 L in meaning to me
			new hairstyle yesterday was
really <u>below the belt</u> .	approgram to Mary. What	you commented on her i	lew halfstyle yesterday was
	<b>B.</b> fair and cruel	C. cruel and kind	D fair and kind
	business to do in a foreign	country, but his company	y <u>denied</u> responsibility to pay
for his expenses.	D	C	Duran la stal
	<b>B.</b> avoided		
	D on your answer sheet to	inalcate the correct ans	wer to each of the following
questions.	ahan waa anaaliina aa faat	Noo ooulde't the	main contents of his lasson
			e main contents of his lesson.
6	<b>B.</b> note down	1	<b>D.</b> call for
Question 10: She promised		-	Description
A. to come		C. to coming	<b>D.</b> coming
Question 11: Her parents an	re working on the farm,	$\frac{1}{1}$	
	<b>B.</b> do they		
confidently with for	reigners.		for three months, they can
	<b>B.</b> communicatively		
Question 13: The Youth Int	ternational Conference	by a lot of young pe	ople from around the world.
A. was attended		C. was attending	<b>D.</b> attended
<b>Question 14:</b> Nam is trying			
			<b>D.</b> habit
Question 15: Binh is 1.80 m	neters tall, and Linh is 1.65	meters tall. Binh is	Linh.
A. shorter than	<b>B.</b> younger than	C. older than	<b>D.</b> taller than
Question 16: We will infor	m you	_	
A. as soon as we had the	interview result ving the interview result	<b>B.</b> as soon as we have	the interview result
C. as soon as we were have	ving the interview result	<b>D.</b> as soon as we had	had the interview result
Question 17: The man	home when his car brol	ke down.	
A. has driven	<b>B.</b> drives	<b>C.</b> is driving	<b>D.</b> was driving
<b>Question 18:</b> The journalist	is talking about having a ne	ew published in t	he local newspaper next week.
A. cartoon	B. documentary	C. editor	<b>D.</b> article
Question 19: a job	in a small company, he tu	rned it down and kept or	n applying for a more suitable
one.			
	<b>B.</b> Offering		
Question 20: We have trave			
<b>A.</b> a	<b>B.</b> the	C. an	<b>D.</b> Ø (no article)

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Question 21: It is uncomm	on for the director to	power to his finance	manager to make financial	
decisions for the company.				
A. delegate	<b>B.</b> authorise		<b>D.</b> stimulate	
Question 22: Before you de		it is crucial that you should	d look into it carefully. It's	
unwise to buy a pig	D 11			
A. in a rack	<b>B.</b> in a roll	1		
Question 23: It's not difficu	It her to go to work			
A. on	<b>B.</b> to	C. towards	<b>D.</b> for	
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D	) on your answer sheet to i	ndicate the sentence that b	est completes each of the	
following exchanges.		a		
Question 24: Peter and Kha	-			
- Peter: "I think students sho				
- Khanh: " It helps t	them communicate with me			
<b>A.</b> I quite agree with you		<b>B.</b> I quite disagree with y	·	
<b>C.</b> I don't think it's a good		<b>D.</b> That's not a good idea	a	
Question 25: Hong and Mik	te are in the school canteen			
- Hong: "?"				
- Mike: "Here you are."				
A. Can you speak Japanes	e, please	<b>B.</b> Can you pass the salt,	please	
C. Can you sit here		<b>D.</b> Can you play basketba	all	
Mark the letter A, B, C, or I	D on your answer sheet to	indicate the sentence that	t is closest in meaning to	
each of the following questi	ons.			
Question 26: Students are no	ot allowed to bring food in	to the computer room.		
A. Students needn't bring	food into the computer roc	om.		
	food into the computer roo			
	od into the computer room			
_	g food into the computer ro			
Question 27: "I helped the c				
	ed the old lady cross the ro			
<b>B.</b> The teacher said she would help the old lady cross the road.				
C. The teacher said she had helped the old lady cross the road.				
	elped the old lady cross the			
Question 28: Mark started le				
-	ng Spanish since seven yea	0		
	Spanish when he was seven			
C. Mark has learned Span	-	yours ord.		
-	ish since he was seven yea	rs old		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or I	•		art that needs correction	
in each of the following que	•		un indi needs correction	
		a learning motivation of the	a two groups of	
Question 29: Their pioneeri	<u>ng</u> research showed that th	e learning motivation of the	e two groups of	
A learners quite distinctive free	m and other and the same	antiva group what larri	na mativation	
learners quite <u>distinctive</u> from	in each other, and the <u>com</u>	<u>parative</u> group whose learning	ing motivation	
<b>B</b>		L		
was stronger performed bette	er than the <u>control</u> group.			
	D			
Question 30: They give a go	ood presentation <u>on</u> how to		week.	
A	В	C D		
Question 31: The man boug		n sold <u>them</u> to a collector <u>at</u>	t a higher price.	
Α	В	C D		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair				
of sentences in the following questions.				
Question 32: The gold ring was expensive. I couldn't afford to buy it.				
A. If the gold ring had been cheaper, I couldn't have afforded to buy it.				
<b>B.</b> If the gold ring had bee	en more expensive, I could	have afforded to buy it.		
C. If the gold ring had been less expensive, I could have afforded to have it				

**D.** If the gold ring had been cheaper, I can't have afforded to buy it.

**Question 33:** The boy band had just finished their first live performance. All the audiences at the theatre gave them a loud round of applause.

**A.** Barely had the boy band finished their first live performance when all the audiences at the theatre gave them a loud round of applause.

**B.** Not until all the audiences at the theatre gave them a loud round of applause did the boy band finish their first live performance.

**C.** Had it not been for the boy band's first live performance, all the audiences at the theatre would have given them a loud round of applause.

**D.** No matter when the boy band finished their first live performance did all the audiences at the theatre give them a loud round of applause.

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

People have been recording information in the form of writing since ancient times. Latin - the language of religion, and French - the language of the rich and powerful, were the preferred languages in the Middle Ages in Europe. Subjects were usually connected to religion, trade and government although historians have also come across love letters which (26) \_\_\_\_\_ people wrote to stay in touch. After the invention of the printing press, books and documents became readily (27) \_\_\_\_\_. This, together with improvements in education and the spread of postal services, permitted families and friends to (28) \_\_\_\_\_ messages to each other by letters. Maintaining contact was much easier than it had ever been.

				(Adapted from <i>High Note</i> )
Question 34:	A. many	<b>B.</b> another	C. each	<b>D.</b> every
Question 35:	A. vacant	<b>B.</b> available	C. occupied	<b>D.</b> constant
Question 36:	A. expand	<b>B.</b> lengthen	C. convey	<b>D.</b> transform
Question 37:	A. where	<b>B.</b> who	C. which	<b>D.</b> when
Question 38:	A. Because	<b>B.</b> However	C. Although	<b>D.</b> Moreover
Pand the following passage and mark the latter A B C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct				

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 43.

The Japanese love inventing and they are very good at it. But there is one inventor who has invented more things than anyone else in Japan - Dr. Nakamats. He has designed over 4,000 new inventions over the last fifty years. He is most well-known for his unusual inventions.

He designed many strange things such as glasses which look like eyes so you can't notice them, shoes which have steel springs so that you can jump in them, and a pillow which stops you from falling asleep when you are driving.

How does he come up with these ideas? He finds listening to Beethoven helpful. But the thing that makes him most creative is holding his breath underwater. He dives into his swimming pool every day and stays underwater as long as he can. He believes that less oxygen in the brain is good for new ideas. He also dives with a pencil and a notebook which he invented. He needs to write down his ideas immediately in the water because they disappear quickly.

Dr. Nakamats believes that eating the right food is important for creativity, and he has invented some snacks that he says are good for your brain. He has also invented an armchair which helps to **enhance** your brainpower. He sits in the chair every day to give him more good ideas. Dr. Nakamats is now in his eighties, but he plans to live until he is 144 years old, so he still has plenty of time to develop even more new ideas.

(Adapted from Get Ahead)

**Question 39:** The passage is mainly about

A. famous Japanese scientists and their more inventions

B. a famous Japanese scientist and his strange inventions

C. Japanese famous inventions by a scientist

**D.** inventions by famous Japanese inventors

Question 40: The word it in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_.A. inventingB. JapanC. notebookD. inventionQuestion 41: According to paragraph 2, Dr. Nakamats invented all of the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_.A. a pillowB. a bookC. glassesD. shoes

Question 42: Dr. Nakamats dives with a pencil and a notebook because \_\_\_\_\_

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A. he wants to write down his ideas immediately	<b>B.</b> he wants to get oxygen quickly
C. he can dive more quickly	<b>D.</b> he can drive more carefully

**Question 43:** The word **enhance** in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to

**B.** improve

**D.** reduce

## A. decrease C. divide Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50.

Action movies are exciting and a lot of fun to watch, but they also involve scenes of great risk and danger. In the language of filmmaking, dangerous actions are called stunts. Who performs these stunts? This work is too dangerous for regular actors. Movie companies usually hire special stunt people to stand in for the actors in scenes that are unsafe.

Movie producers don't like to let actors do their own stunt work. If the actors injure themselves, it can delay the production schedule. Using stunt people also saves time. Most stunt people have years of experience, which enables them to perform their stunts with a minimum of risk. It would take too long to train the actors to perform dangerous scenes safely.

Some people who love the **thrill** of dangerous sports such as skydiving or rock climbing think it would be easy to work as a stunt person. But it isn't enough to be a risk-taker. Stunt performers also have to know what to do if anything goes wrong.

In addition to risk-taking and meticulous attention to detail and planning, stunt work requires being in top physical condition. Although there are a few training programmes for stunt performers, most provide only an overview of the profession. Normally, the people who attend these programmes already have experience in dangerous sports, rescue work, or the military. So the best way to prepare for a career in stunt work is to train in an area that involves strong physical conditioning and has an element of physical danger.

Modern filmmaking techniques have changed the way some dangerous scenes are filmed. For example, computer-generated images make it possible to show stunts that would be too dangerous or expensive for real stunt people to perform. Computer-generated images are often used today to create big fight scenes, car crashes, and explosions. However, they are not always the best choice. Many audiences want to see real people perform actual stunts. Also, the rising popularity of made-for-TV movies around the world ensures that there is still plenty for stunt people in the film industry.

(Adapted from *Strategic Reading*)

**Question 44:** Which of the following statements best expresses the main idea of the passage?

A. Action movies sometimes comprise non-dangerous work undertaken by the supporting cast.

**B.** Stunt work is dangerous and needs to be performed by skilled and strong people.

C. Stunt people have to be physically fit to perform dangerous actions.

**D.** Movie companies use technology for stunts instead of stunt performers. C C 1

<b>Question 45:</b> In the lang	uage of filmmaking, stunts	are	
A. exciting scenes	<b>B.</b> action movies	C. dangerous actions	<b>D.</b> regular actors
Question 46: The word	them in paragraph 2 refers t	to	
<b>A.</b> stunt people	<b>B.</b> movie producers	C. movie actors	<b>D.</b> movie scenes
<b>Question 47:</b> The word <b><u>thrill</u> in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to</b>			
A. arrangement	<b>B.</b> consequence	C. excitement	<b>D.</b> convenience
Question 48: The word	<b>meticulous</b> in paragraph 4 i	s closest in meaning to	·
A. harmful	<b>B.</b> careful	C. helpful	<b>D.</b> useful
Question 49: Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?			
A. Movie stunts are often performed by the main actors.			
<b>B.</b> Stunts need to be performed with great care.			
C. Stunt performers normally have certain experience in related fields.			
<b>D.</b> Stunt people are hired mostly to undertake dangerous scenes.			
Question 50: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?			
A. Film directors can take advantage of TV scenes in their movies.			
<b>B.</b> Modern technology may assist in reducing the cost of film production.			
C. Stunts play an indispensable role in the success of made-for-TV movies.			

**D.** Audiences prefer computer-generated images to stunts performed by real people.

------ HÊT ------